

Remarks

This Preliminary Amendment cancels without prejudice original claims 1 to 14 in the underlying PCT Application No. PCT/DE03/03008. This Preliminary Amendment adds new claims 15-28. The new claims, inter alia, conform the claims to United States Patent and Trademark Office rules and do not add new matter to the application

In accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.125(b), the Substitute Specification (including the Abstract, but without the claims) contains no new matter. The amendments reflected in the Substitute Specification (including Abstract) are to conform the Specification and Abstract to U.S. Patent and Trademark Office rules or to correct informalities. As required by 37 C.F.R. § 1.121(b)(3)(ii) and § 1.125(c), a Marked Up Version Of The Substitute Specification comparing the Specification of record and the Substitute Specification also accompanies this Preliminary Amendment. Approval and entry of the Substitute Specification (including Abstract) are respectfully requested.


The underlying PCT Application No. PCT/DE03/03008 includes an International Search Report, dated January 19, 2004, a copy of which is included. The Search Report includes a list of documents that were considered by the Examiner in the underlying PCT application.

Applicants assert that the subject matter of the present application is new, non-obvious, and useful. Prompt consideration and allowance of the application are respectfully requested.

Respectfully Submitted,

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Dated: 6/6/05

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## SUPPORT ELEMENT

~~Background of the Invention~~Field of the Invention

The present invention ~~is based on~~relates to a support element for setting a fuel distributor line apart from a fuel injector inserted in a cylinder head of an internal combustion engine according to the definition of the species in the main claim.

Background Information

A mounting device for mounting a fuel injector on an intake manifold is ~~already known~~described, e.g., from German Patent 29 26 490 E2; ~~in~~. In this case, a mounting element axially fixes the fuel injector to the fuel-distributor line or to a plug nipple, the mounting element being designed as a U-shaped securing clamp having two legs which are elastic in the radial direction. In the assembled state, the securing clamp engages in matching recesses of the plug nipple and is snapped into place in a recess in a connection fitting of the fuel injector, the recess being designed as an annular groove. The axial clearance between the recesses and the securing clamp, as well as between the annular groove and the securing clamp, should be kept small in order to achieve precise fixation of the fuel injector without stresses on the gasket.

Particularly disadvantageous in the mounting device ~~known from~~described in German Patent 29 26 490 E2 is the warping effect of the various mounting elements on the fuel injector. The force magnetic flux ~~generated~~generates in the fuel injector leads to deformations and thus to lift changes of the valve needle, and even to jamming as well as a compressive and bending load on the housing components, which usually have thin walls and are welded to each other at several points. Furthermore, any mounting measure, for example by means of a contact flange, leads to an increase in the radial expansion

of the fuel injector and thus to higher space requirements in the installation.

~~Summary of the Invention~~ Summary

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~~In contrast, the~~The support element for a fuel injector according to the present invention, ~~having the characterizing features of the main claim,~~ has the advantage over the ~~related~~conventional art that the fuel-distributor line is  
10 braced at the fuel injector without radial forces via the support element ~~according to the present invention.~~ As a result, no warping and subsequent damage of the fuel injector and the connection of the fuel-distributor line will occur. The support element not only transmits the holding-down force  
15 of the fuel-distributor line to the fuel injector but also provides a flexible fixation that compensates for tolerances and offsets.

~~The measures specified in the dependent claims allow~~  
20 ~~advantageous further developments and improvements of the support element indicated in the main claim.~~

It is ~~particularly~~ advantageous that the support element is easy to produce by stamping from sheet metal. It may also be  
25 produced by deep-drawing and stamping.

The support element according to the present advantageously dispenses with screws or securing clamping claws for mounting the fuel injector on the front face of the cylinder head.

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Punched out recesses, which are easy to produce, advantageously provide secure fixing of the support element at the fuel injector and simple bracing of the fuel-distributor line.

Various ~~advantageous~~ guidance variants, such as beveled components whose inclined surfaces slope radially inward, guidance by the cylinder head, or by projections engaging with each other from behind, also brace the radial forces of the support element.

Especially advantageous in this context is the contacting of the edges of the support element along the axial extension of the support element in a radially inward direction, so that the support element abuts against the fuel injector along its entire length, thereby preventing the support element from bending open.

Various tab forms may ~~advantageously~~ be configured in such a way that a more or less pronounced elastic and plastic deformation allows optimal bracing between the fuel-distributor line and the fuel injector under the given installation situation.

## ~~Brief Description of the Drawing~~ Brief Description of the Drawings

~~Exemplary embodiments of the present invention are shown in simplified form in the drawing, and are elucidated in greater detail in the following description.~~

~~The figures show:~~

Figure 1A shows a an exploded, schematic, part-sectional view of an exemplary embodiment of a fuel injector able to be combined with a support element configured according to the present invention, prior to mounting.

Figure 1B shows a schematic, part-sectional view of the exemplary embodiment shown in Figure 1A, in the mounted state.

Figure 1C shows a plan view of the exemplary embodiment of the support element configured according to the present invention, shown in Figures 1A and 1B<sub>+</sub>.

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Figures ~~2A-D~~ 2A - 2D show four ~~preferred~~example embodiments of support elements configured to be free of radial forces<sub>+</sub>.

Figures ~~3A-C~~ 3A - 3C show three different views of a fifth ~~preferred~~example embodiment of a support element free of radial forces, ~~in three different views~~<sub>+</sub>.

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Figure 4 shows a sixth ~~preferred~~ exemplary embodiment of a support element free of radial forces<sub>+</sub> ~~and~~.

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Figures ~~5A-C~~ 5A - 5C show three different views of a seventh ~~preferred~~example embodiment of a support element free of radial forces, ~~in three different views~~.

## 20 ~~Description of the Embodiments~~ Detailed Description

Figures 1A through 1C show schematized part-sections through an exemplary embodiment of a fuel injector 1, a fuel-distributor line 2, and a support element 3 which is configured according to the present invention and to be mounted in-between, shown in a view before (Fig. 1A) and after (Fig. 1B) mounting of said components.

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In this context, a fuel injector 1 is designed in the form of a direct-injection fuel injector 1, which may be installed in a valve seat of a cylinder head for the direct injection of fuel into a combustion chamber of a mixture-compressing internal combustion engine having externally supplied ignition

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(not shown further). The valve seat may also be provided at a connecting piece of an intake manifold (not shown). At an inflow-side end, fuel injector 1 is provided with a plug connection to a connecting piece of fuel-distributor line 2, which is sealed by a gasket 5 between fuel distributor line 2 and a supply nipple 6 of fuel injector 1. Fuel injector 1 has an electrical connection 7 for the electrical contacting to actuate fuel injector 1.

Support element 3 according to the present invention is provided to space fuel injector 1 and fuel-distributor line 2 apart from one another in a manner that is free of radial forces. Support element 3 is made up of a clamp 8, which is braced against a shoulder 9 of fuel injector 1 on one side and against a shoulder 10 of fuel-distributor line 2 on the other side. For easier mounting, clamp 8 has a slot in the region of electrical connection 7 of fuel injector 1.

It may be gathered from Figure 1C that the first exemplary embodiment of a support element 3 configured according to the present invention has a round cross-section. Alternative forms are shown in Figures 3C and 4.

Two tabs 11 are connected to clamp 8 and provide flexible bracing of fuel-distributor line 2 with respect to fuel injector 1. A detailed representation of clamp 8 may be gathered from the views in Figures 3A through 3C, 4 and 5A through 5C, as well as from the following description.

Figures 2A through 2D show schematic, part-sectional ~~cut-away~~ views of portions of the fuel-injection system shown in Figures 1A and 1B, in the region of connection nipple 6 of fuel injector 1 and fuel-distributor line 2.

Figures 2A through 2D represent various ~~possibilities~~example  
embodiments of bracing the radial forces between support  
element 3 and fuel injector 1 in the case of support elements  
5 3 having a round design.

Figure 2A shows a first, least complicated ~~variant of an~~  
embodiment in which support element 3 is guided by a guide  
element 12, which may be the cylinder head, for example, in  
10 such a way that a radial displacement of support element 3 in  
response to the pressure exerted by fuel-distributor line 2 is  
impossible.

A similar possibility is offered by a keyed connection, as  
15 shown in Figure 2B. In this case, support element 3 is  
provided with an at least partially circumferential groove 13,  
which, together with a projection 14 formed at shoulder 9 of  
fuel injector 1, ~~likewise~~ ensures, by mutual engagement, that  
tabs 11 of support element 3 do not shift radially.

20 A beveling of shoulder 9 of fuel injector 1 and/or tabs 11 of  
support element 3 also suggests itself for the bracing of fuel  
injector 1 at shoulder 9 in manner that is free of radial  
forces. In Figure 2C, only shoulder 9 is inclined at an angle  
25  $\alpha$ , while in Figure 2D both shoulder 9 of fuel injector 1 and  
tabs 11 of support element 3 are inclined, preferably at the  
same  $\alpha$  angle. This measure, too, can prevent shifting of tabs  
11 under axial force. The variant of an embodiment  
illustrated in Figure 2C has the advantage of uncomplicated  
30 manufacturability, support element 3 being able to be adopted  
unchanged.



Figures 3A through 3C and 4 represent schematic views and partial sections of ~~the exemplary embodiment~~embodiments of a support element 3 configured according to the present invention ~~as illustrated in Figures 1 and 2~~, in the unmounted state. Equivalent components have been provided with corresponding reference numerals in all figures.

Figure 3A shows a side view of an example embodiment of a support element 3 configured according to the present invention; Figure 3B a frontal view; Figure 3C a plan view from above; ~~and.~~ Figure 4 shows a plan view from above ~~onto a further variant of an example embodiment that is to be considered an alternative to Figure 3C.~~

Figure 3A shows support element 3 configured according to the present invention with clamp 8 and tabs 11. Tabs 11, due to their form and their extension at clamp 8, are configured in such a way that they may be deformed plastically/elastically, thereby introducing an axial force into fuel injector 1. As can be gathered from Figure 1B, clamps 11 rest against shoulder 9 of fuel injector 1.

Figure 3B shows a view of the slotted side of support element 3. In the installed state of support element 3, electrical connection 7 of fuel injector 1 lies in the region of slot 15.

Figures 3C and 4, in the same view, show two ~~possible variants of an embodiment~~example embodiments of support element 3, viewed in the discharge direction. Support element 3 is not round on one side but has a roughly rectangular or square cross-section form in order to prevent radial shifting of support element 3 in response to the axial introduction of force by fuel-distributor line 2. Such force may lead to

warping of fuel injector 1 in the cylinder head or deformations of fuel injector 1 and subsequent malfunctions, for example by jamming of the valve needle of fuel injector 1. In addition, edges 16, which form the end of clamp 8 on both  
5 sides of slot 15, are folded radially inward in the direction of fuel injector 1. This ensures that edges 16 contact fuel injector 1 along their full axial length, so that shifting of support element 3 is prevented.

10 The ~~variant of an embodiment~~ shown in Figure 4 has the advantage of simple manufacturability and a high clamping effect, whereas the exemplary embodiment illustrated in Figure 3C effectively prevents the edges from bending open.

15 Figures 5A through 5C show an additional exemplary embodiment of a support element 3 configured according to the present invention. It has annular tabs 11, which are connected to clamp 8. A recess 17 in annular tabs 11 provides higher elasticity of tabs 11 and thus greater tolerance with respect  
20 to axial twisting. Edges 16 may be configured as shown in Figures 3C or 4.

Due to the flexible mutual bracing of the components, it is not only possible to compensate for axial forces generated by  
25 fuel-distributor line 2, but also for manufacturing tolerances and linear deformations due to heating during operation of the internal combustion engine.

The present invention is not limited to the exemplary  
30 embodiments shown and is also applicable to fuel injectors ± for injection into the combustion chamber of an internal combustion engine having self-ignition.

~~Summary~~

ABSTRACT

A support element is provided for the mutual bracing of a fuel injector ~~(1)~~ in a valve seat of a cylinder head of an internal combustion engine and ~~the fuel injector (1) at a~~

5 fuel-distributor line ~~(2)~~. The support element is formed such that the forces acting on the fuel injector ~~(1)~~ act only in the axial direction and have no radial component.

~~(Figure 1B)~~

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